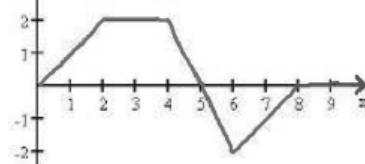


In each situation below, the graph given is the graph of the velocity function

- a) Determine when the particle is moving forward and moving backward

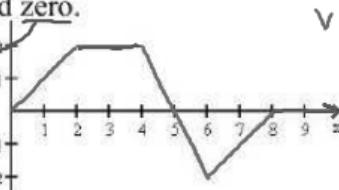


$v(t) > 0$
above x-axis
(0, 5)

$v(t) < 0$
below x-axis
(5, -2)

- b) Determine when the acceleration of the particle is positive, negative, and zero.

$v'(t) = 0$
slope zero
 $v(t)$ constant
(2, 4) \cup (8, ∞)



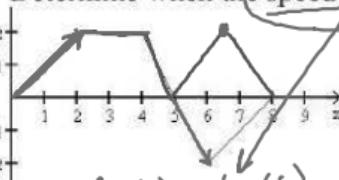
$v'(t) > 0$
slope pos
 $v(t)$ going up
(0, 2) \cup (6, 8)

$v'(t) < 0$
slope neg
 $v(t)$ going down
(4, -2)

- c) Determine when the particle is at its greatest speed.

(2, 4) \cup $t = 6$ $2 \leq x \leq 4$ and $t = 6$

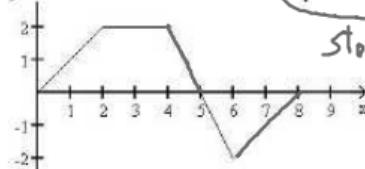
- d) Determine when the speed is increasing.



speed up
 $speed = |v(t)|$

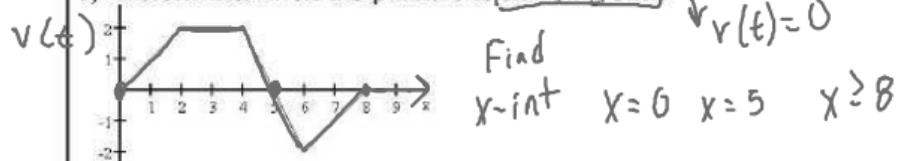
Speed graph going up
(0, 2) \cup (5, 6)

- e) Determine when the speed is decreasing.



slow down
when $a(t)$ and $v(t)$ opp signs
(4, 5) \cup (6, 8)

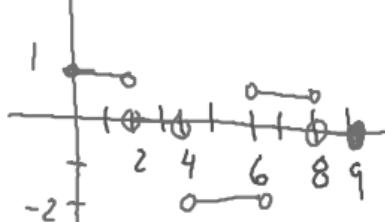
- f) Determine when the particle is standing still.



$v(t) = 0$

Find
 x -int $x = 0$ $x = 5$ $x \geq 8$

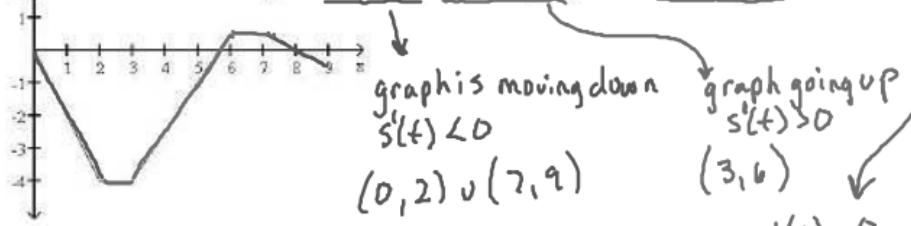
17 | Page Graph $a(t)$



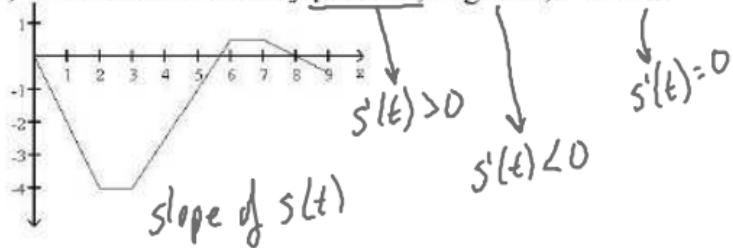
$s(t)$

In each situation below, the graph given is the graph of the position function

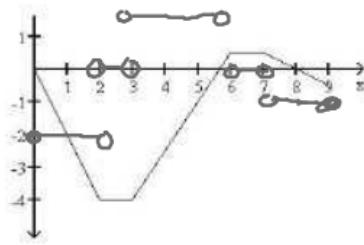
a) When is P moving to the left, to the right, and standing still?



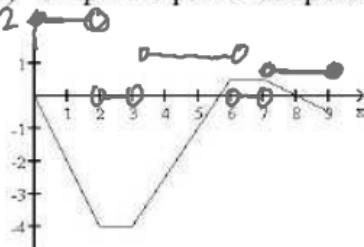
b) When is the velocity positive, negative, and zero



c) Graph the particles velocity



d) Graph the particles speed



slope from $(0, 2)$
 $(2, 3)$
 $(3, 6)$
 $(6, 7)$
 $(7, 9)$

Particle Motion Summary Given the Velocity $v(t)$ graph		
Determine when the particle	Justify/Explain/Give a reason	Where to look on the velocity graph
Forward/Up/Right	$v(t) > 0$	Above the x-axis
Backward/Down/Left	$v(t) < 0$	Below the x-axis
Stopped/At rest	$v(t) = 0$	Touches x-axis
Changes Direction	$v(t) = 0$ and $v(t)$ changes sign	Crosses x-axis
Acceleration Positive	$v'(t) > 0$	Positive slope/Increasing
Acceleration Negative	$v'(t) < 0$	Negative slope/Decreasing
Acceleration Zero	$v'(t) = 0$	Zero slope/Constant
Acceleration Undefined	$v'(t)$ undefined	Corners/Cusps/Vertical Tangents
Speed increasing Speeding up	$v(t)$ and $a(t)$ have the same sign	Graph moving away from the x-axis
Speed decreasing <i>slow down</i>	$v(t)$ and $a(t)$ have opposite signs	Graph moving toward the x-axis
Greatest Speed	$ v(t) $ is the greatest	When graph is furthest away from the x-axis in either direction